Managing Grandparent Alienation

Brian Ludmer,

B.Comm., LLB., (416) 781-0334 brian@ludmerlaw.com

www.ludmerlaw.com

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WHAT IS UNIQUE AND COMMON ABOUT GRANDPARENT ALIENATION

- Starts during their children's marriage (common)
 - Enmeshment/intrusive parenting
 - Gatekeeping behaviours
 - Boundary violations
 - Exclusion in favour of AP's extended family
- Fate tied to that of their children (common)
- Presentation of the (grand)children (common)
 Angry/disrespectful/lack of empathy
- Legal Remedies (unique)
 - Lesser and much less jurisprudence
- Time to Recover (unique)
 - Aspirational Court/therapist statement less persuasive and non-evidence based

COMMON THEMES

Why is this process so difficult and yet so important

- Its complicated
- It's not well understood
- Cognitive biases and disinformation/political pushback
- No early identification/intervention
- Misunderstanding therapy
- Poor execution by therapists and others
- Lack of consistency
- No centralized mgt of all non-parties
- Lack of strategic focus by counsel
- Need client buy in to the strategy clients often waffle
- Prohibited narratives

IS THERE A LEGAL REMEDY

Historical non-parent access litigation

- Permitted by Canadian federal and provincial legislation
- Possible however inconsistent results unless previously a primary caretaker of the grandchildren
- Best interests standard
- Reticent to Order access to someone in conflict with the parent(s) or if interferes with parent repartnering

The Updated Legislation

- Specifically mentions grandparents however the amendments create no new rights or presumptions
- Grandparents cases (as opposed to other non-parties) have Courts looking behind conflict to necessity to maintain relationships

Still subject to the best interests standard

HELPFUL FACTORS

- History of bonding/caregiving/nurturing/positive contribution
- History of child living with grandparents
- History o grandparent day care so parents can work
- Arbitrary cut-off Courts will look beneath conflict for grandparents to a greater extent than other non-parent applicants
- Grandparent disposition child-focused, informed, soft, respectful of boundaries

UNHELPFUL FACTORS

- Reasonable acts of parent to create boundaries
- GP destructive/intrusive/domineering/controlling behaviour
- Unreasonable access demands

 Local: 1 weekend every 3-4 weekends for several hours; occasional overnight; plus telephone/Skype and summer/school break extended access
 Distance: less frequent but longer duration

- Parent decisions on morality if GP outside norm
- False accusations about the parent
- Going public on the internet or too visible advocacy

UNHELPFUL FACTORS - 2

- Breaching supervisory order by allowing their son/daughter to be present
- Interference with parenting choices "The Court will not permit interference under the guise of love"
- Intractable conflict

Special Situations

Intact families

Canadian provincial legislation still allows legal case to pursues access

Deceased Child

Possibly easier case to make as child needs to have contact with heritage on both sides

 Terms and Conditions Imposed Instead of All-Or-Nothing

Prohibited narratives; rules; mode of access

Grandparenting Capacity Assessments

Court Criteria

- Psychological stability and safety of the child
- Ability and willingness of GP to meet the child's needs
- Age and stage of development
- History of care
- Cultural, linguistic, spiritual, ethnic heritage
- Child's views and preferences if they can be reliably ascertained
- Plans for care and upbringing
- Family violence
- Ability to communicate and cooperate with parents
- Benefits to the children of fostering the relationships

TOUGH CHOICES

- What if the alienating parent is (whether merely for show nor not) proposing to maintain some contact with the grandparents, however zero contact for the mother/father involved
 - Do you stand firm and united because otherwise you are enabling abuse and disrespect of your won child
 - Do you try to maintain some connection with the extended family as a foundation/wedge?

Do you use the opportunity to softly urge reconciliation?

- Do the grandparents start their own case in parallel with the child's case?
- What is the alienated parent has supervised access grandparents can attend, but should they start their own case for unsupervised access?

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